

PAA448Hu01

Polyclonal Antibody to Insulin (INS)

Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

[PRODUCT INFORMATION]

Immunogen: INS Purification: Affinity Chromatography.

Clonality: Polyclonal Applications: WB, ICC, IHC-P, IHC-F, ELISA

Host: Rabbit Concentration: 200µg/mL

Immunoglobulin Type: IgG **UOM:** 100μg

[IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION]

Immunogen: Native Protein INS.

Accession No.: NPA448Hu01

[RELEVANCE]

Insulin is a peptide hormone, produced by beta cells of the pancreas, and is central to regulating carbohydrate and fat metabolism in the body. Insulin causes cells in the liver, skeletal muscles, and fat tissue to absorb glucose from the blood. In the liver and skeletal muscles, glucose is stored as glycogen, and in fat cells it is stored as triglycerides. The human insulin protein is composed of 51 amino acids, and has a molecular weight of 5808Da. It is a dimer of an A-chain and a B-chain, which are linked together by disulfide bonds.



[ANTIBODY SPECIFITY]

The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against INS. It has been selected for its ability to recognize INS in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

[APPLICATIONS]

Western blotting: 1:50-400

Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500

Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500

Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

[CONTENTS]

Form & Buffer: Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN₃, 50% glycerol.

[STORAGE]

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.