

RPC241Hu01 50µg
Recombinant Telomerase Reverse Transcriptase (TERT)
Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Arg787~Arg1084

Tags: Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and GST-tag

Accession: O14746

Host: *E. coli*

Subcellular Location: Nucleus; Chromosome.

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg
(determined by the LAL method).

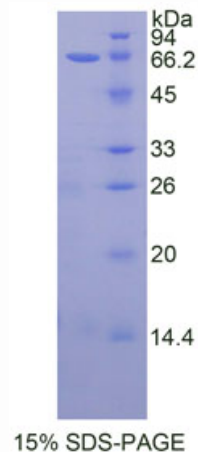
Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris,
150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT,
0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 8.8

Predicted Molecular Mass: 65.8kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)



[USAGE]

Reconstitute in ddH₂O.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

RDAV VIEQSSSLNE ASSGLFDVFL RFMCHHAVRI RGKSYVQCQG IPQGSILSTL
LCSLCYGDME NKLFAGIRRD GLLRLVDDF LLVTPHLTHA KTFLRTLVRG VPEYGCVVNL
RKTVVNFPVE DEALGGTAFV QMPAHGLFPW CGLLLDTRTL EVQSDYSSYA RTSIRASLTF
NRGFKAGRNM RRLFGVLR LKCHSLFLDLQ VNSLQTVCTN IYKILLQAY RFHACVLQLP
FHQQVWKNPT FFLRVISDTA SLCYSILKAK NAGMSLGAKG AAGPLPSEAV QWLCHQAFLL
KLTR

[REFERENCES]

1. Meyerson M., *et al.* (1997) Cell 90:785-795.
2. Wick M., *et al.* (1999) Gene 232:97-106.
3. Hisatomi H., *et al.* (2003) Neoplasia 5:193-197.
4. Nagao K., *et al.* (2004) Oncol. Rep. 11:127-131.