

**RPN251Hu01 50µg**

**Recombinant Adropin (AD)**

**Organism Species: *Homo sapiens* (Human)**

***Instruction manual***

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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12th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2016)

**[ PROPERTIES ]**

**Source:** Prokaryotic expression

**Host:** *E.coli*

**Residues:** Cys34~Pro76

**Tags:** Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and SUMO-tag

**Subcellular Location:** Secreted

**Purity:** > 90%

**Traits:** Freeze-dried powder

**Buffer formulation:** PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose.

**Original Concentration:** 1200µg/mL

**Applications:** Positive Control; Immunogen; SDS-PAGE; WB.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

**Predicted isoelectric point:** 5.4

**Predicted Molecular Mass:** 18.2kDa

**Accurate Molecular Mass:** 27kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

**Phenomenon explanation:**

The possible reasons that the actual band size differs from the predicted are as follows:

1. Splice variants: Alternative splicing may create different sized proteins from the same gene.
2. Relative charge: The composition of amino acids may affect the charge of the protein.
3. Post-translational modification: Phosphorylation, glycosylation, methylation etc.
4. Post-translation cleavage: Many proteins are synthesized as pro-proteins, and then cleaved to give the active form.
5. Polymerization of the target protein: Dimerization, multimerization etc.

**[ USAGE ]**

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

**[ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]**

**Storage:** Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

